LIST OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES LEGALLY NOTIFIABLE UNDER THE INFECTIOUS DISEASES ACT

NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES UNDER SECTION 6 OF THE INFECTIOUS DISEASES ACT*

***Notification of infectious diseases**

6.—*(1) Every medical practitioner who has reason to believe or suspect that any person attended or treated by the medical practitioner is suffering from a prescribed infectious disease or is a carrier of that disease must notify the Director-General of Health within the prescribed time and in such form or manner as the Director-General of Health may require.*

(2) Every person in charge of a laboratory used for the diagnosis of disease who becomes aware of the existence of a prescribed infectious disease in the course of his or her work must notify the Director-General of Health within the prescribed time and in such form or manner as the Director-General of Health may require.

Medical practitioners and laboratories are reminded to notify infectious diseases within the timelines (refer to table below) via:

- Electronic Notification System (CDLENS)
  https://de-rom.moh.gov.sg/cdlens

OR

- Existing institution systems interfacing with CDLENS (e.g., EPIC NGEMR, SingHealth Sunrise Clinical Manager, SmartCMS systems)

OR

- In case of system(s) downtime where submission via the above modes is not possible, medical practitioners and laboratories can fill up the pdf notification forms found **here** and email to **cdlens_notification@cda.gov.sg**.

Besides individual cases of notifiable infectious diseases, medical practitioners must continue to notify MOH of events of public health significance (e.g., clusters of infectious diseases, suspected bioterrorism agents, suspect cases of emerging infectious diseases) immediately.

Table 1: List of infectious diseases notifiable by doctors and laboratories, and respective timelines.

S/N	Infectious Disease	Notifiable by		Notification Timeline		
		Doctors upon Clinical Diagnosis	Laboratories upon Test Confirmation[1]	Call CDA IMMEDIATELY. Then notify via CDLENS within 24 hours	Notify within 24 hours	Notify within 72 hours
1	Avian Influenza	✓	✓	✓		
2	Botulism	✓	✓		✓	
3	Campylobacteriosis		✓			✓
4	Chikungunya Fever	✓	✓		✓	
5	Chlamydial Genital Infection		✓			✓
6	Cholera		✓		✓	
7	Crimean-Congo Haemorrhagic Fever (CCHF)	✓	✓	✓		
8	Dengue Fever	✓	✓		✓	
9	Dengue Haemorrhagic Fever	✓	✓		✓	
10	Diphtheria	✓	✓		✓	
11	Ebola Disease	✓	✓	✓		
12	Gonorrhoea		✓			✓
13	*Haemophilus Influenzae* Type b Disease		✓		✓	
14	Hepatitis A, acute		✓			✓
15	Hepatitis B, acute[2]	see footnote 2	✓			✓
16	Hepatitis C, acute[2]	see footnote 2	✓			✓
17	Hepatitis E, acute		✓			✓
18	HIV infection[3]	see footnote 3	✓			✓
19	Japanese Encephalitis	✓	✓		✓	
20	Lassa Fever	✓	✓	✓		
21	Legionellosis		✓			✓
22	Leprosy		✓			✓
23	Leptospirosis		✓		✓	
24	Malaria	✓	✓		✓	
25	Marburg Virus Disease	✓	✓	✓		

[1] Doctors performing confirmatory point-of-care tests (POCTs) are required to notify these diseases as well. Please indicate “confirmed by laboratory tests” when notifying CDA.
[2] Doctors are required to notify hepatitis B and C test conversion cases. Please refer to the hepatitis B and C sections in Annex B of “Guidelines on the Notification of Infectious Diseases in Singapore” for details on test conversion cases.
[3] For HIV infection, doctors are required to notify if the patient (i) presents locally for the first time with HIV infection previously diagnosed and confirmed overseas; or (ii) has reactive rapid HIV test results and refused further HIV screening and confirmation.

S/N	Infectious Disease	Notifiable by		Notification Timeline		
		Doctors upon Clinical Diagnosis	Laboratories upon Test Confirmation[1]	Call CDA IMMEDIATELY. Then notify via CDLENS within 24 hours	Notify within 24 hours	Notify within 72 hours
26	Measles	✓	✓		✓	
27	Melioidosis		✓			✓
28	Meningococcal Disease		✓		✓	
29	Middle East Respiratory Syndrome Coronavirus Infection (MERS-CoV)	✓	✓	✓		
30	Mpox	✓	✓		✓	
31	Mumps	✓	✓			✓
32	Murine typhus		✓		✓	
33	Nipah Virus Infection	✓	✓	✓		
34	Paratyphoid		✓		✓	
35	Pertussis		✓			✓
36	Plague	✓	✓	✓		
37	Pneumococcal Disease (Invasive)		✓			✓
38	Poliomyelitis	✓	✓	✓		
39	Rabies	✓	✓	✓		
40	Rubella	✓	✓		✓	
41	Salmonellosis (non-typhoidal)		✓			✓
42	Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS)	✓	✓	✓		
43	Syphilis	✓	✓			✓
44	Tetanus	✓				✓
45	Tuberculosis	✓	✓			✓
46	Typhoid		✓		✓	
47	Yellow Fever	✓	✓	✓		
48	Zika Virus Infection	✓	✓		✓	

[1] Doctors performing confirmatory point-of-care tests (POCTs) are required to notify these diseases as well. Please indicate “confirmed by laboratory tests” when notifying CDA.